

PN1244 Army nominations (13) beginning Eddie L. Cole, and ending Christopher A. White, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 12, 2000.

PN1245 Army nominations (19) beginning Jeanne J. Blaes, and ending Janelle S. Weyn, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 12, 2000.

PN1246 Army nominations (43) beginning *Patrick N. Bailey, and ending *Jeffrey L. Zust, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 12, 2000.

PN1247 Army nominations (1747) beginning Timothy F. Abbott, and ending *X4076, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 12, 2000.

IN THE MARINE CORPS

PN1197 Marine Corps nominations (73) beginning Jack G. Abate, and ending Jeffrey G. Young, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 27, 2000.

PN1227 Marine Corps nomination of Gerald A. Cummings, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1259 Marine Corps nomination of David L. Ladouceur, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 13, 2000.

IN THE NAVY

PN1040 Navy nomination of Bradley S. Russell, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of May 11, 2000.

PN1169 Navy nomination of Douglas M. Larratt, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 25, 2000.

PN1170 Navy nominations (11) beginning Felix R. Tormes, and ending Christopher F. Beaubien, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 25, 2000.

PN1171 Navy nominations (387) beginning Ava C. Abney, and ending Michael E. Zimmerman, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 25, 2000.

PN1188 Navy nominations (217) beginning William B. Acker III, and ending John Zarem, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 26, 2000.

PN1198 Navy nomination of Keith R. Belau, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 27, 2000.

PN1213 Navy nomination of Randall J. Bigelow, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 6, 2000.

PN1228 Navy nomination of Robert G. Butler, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1229 Navy nomination of Vito W. Jimenez, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1230 Navy nomination of Michael P. Tillotson, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1231 Navy nomination of Michael W. Altiser, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1232 Navy nomination of Melvin J. Hendricks, which was received by the Senate and

appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1233 Navy nomination of Glenn A. Jett, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1234 Navy nomination of Joseph T. Mahachek, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1235 Navy nomination of Robert J. Werner, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1236 Navy nomination of Marian L. Celli, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1237 Navy nomination of Stephen M. Trafton, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 7, 2000.

PN1248 Navy nominations (821) beginning Eric M. Aaby, and ending Anthony E. Zerangue, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 12, 2000.

PN1249 Navy nominations (1446) beginning William S. Abrams II, and ending Michael Ziv, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 12, 2000.

PN1260 Navy nomination of Jeffrey N. Rucker, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 13, 2000.

PN1261 Navy nominations (224) beginning Jerry C. Mazanowski, and ending Douglas S. Velvel, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 13, 2000.

PN1289 Navy nominations (32) beginning Michael W. Bastian, and ending Steven C. Wurgler, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of September 21, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now return to legislative session.

ORDERS FOR TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 2000

Mr. HAGEL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it recess until the hour of 2 p.m. on Tuesday, October 10. I further ask consent that on Tuesday, immediately following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and the Senate then proceed to a period of morning business for up to 2 hours, with the time controlled in the following fashion: the first hour under the control of Senator DURBIN or his designee, with 30 minutes under the control of Senator GRAHAM of Florida; the second hour under the control of Senator THOMAS or his designee.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. HAGEL. Mr. President, for the information of all Senators, the Senate

will be in session on Tuesday for morning business and possible consideration of an appropriations conference report. On Wednesday, there will be up to 7 hours of debate on the conference report to accompany trafficking victims. Senator THOMPSON will make the point of order against the report and a vote is expected relative to appealing the ruling of the Chair and adoption of the conference report, both of which will occur late afternoon on Wednesday.

The Senator from Virginia is recognized.

EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF THE CONGRESS ON THE NEED FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE WORLD WAR II MEMORIAL ON THE CAPITAL MALL

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, on behalf of myself, Mr. INOUE, Mr. STEVENS, and Mr. THURMOND, I send to the desk a concurrent resolution and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the concurrent resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 145) expressing the sense of Congress on the propriety and need for expeditious construction of the National World War II Memorial at the Rainbow Pool on the National Mall in the Nation's Capital.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, our former distinguished majority leader, Mr. Dole, has headed up, together with others, an effort across America, and indeed from abroad, to raise the funds and otherwise provide for a memorial to be erected in the Nation's Capital in memory of those who served in World War II, and indeed those who were not in uniform but here on the homefront who, in every other respect, supported that heroic effort during that period from the day beginning December 7, 1941, to and including the surrender of Japan in August of 1945.

Mr. President, as we all know, World War II was the defining event of the 20th century for the United States and its wartime allies with more than 16,000,000 American men and women serving in uniform in the Armed Forces. Over 400,000 Americans gave their lives for our nation and more than 600,000 were wounded. In addition, countless Americans back home in the United States organized and sacrificed to give their unwavering support to those in uniform.

Today, there are less than 6,000,000 surviving World War II veterans and we mourn the passing of greater than 1,200 veterans each day.

Mr. President, this is why the construction of the National World War II Memorial must follow an expeditious and critical path to completion. In